

## CISC-102 WINTER 2016

### HOMEWORK 1

Please work on these problems and be prepared to share your solutions with classmates in class next week. Assignments will not be collected for grading.

#### READINGS

Read sections 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, and 1.4 of *Schaum's Outline of Discrete Mathematics*.

Read sections 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 of *Discrete Mathematics Elementary and Beyond*.

#### PROBLEMS

- (1) Rewrite the following statements using set notation, and then give an example by listing members of sets that match the description. For example: A is a subset of C. Answer:  $A \subseteq C$ .  $A = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $C = \{1, 2, 3\}$ .
  - (a) The element 1 is not a member of (the set) A.
  - (b) The element 5 is a member of B.
  - (c) A is not a subset of D
  - (d) E and F contain the same elements.
  - (e) A is the set of integers larger than three and less than 12.
  - (f) B is the set of even natural numbers less than 15.
  - (g) C is the set of natural numbers  $x$  such that  $4 + x = 3$ .
- (2)  $A = \{x : 3x = 6\}$ .  $A = 2$ , true or false?
- (3) Which of the following sets are equal  $\{r, s, t\}$ ,  $\{t, s, r\}$ ,  $\{s, r, t\}$ ,  $\{t, r, s\}$ .
- (4) Consider the sets  $\{4, 2\}$ ,  $\{x : x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0\}$ ,  $\{x : x \in \mathbb{N}, x \text{ is even}, 1 < x < 5\}$ . Which one of these sets is equal to  $\{4, 2\}$
- (5) Which of the following sets are equal:  $\emptyset$ ,  $\{\emptyset\}$ ,  $\{0\}$ .
- (6) Explain the difference between  $A \subseteq B$ , and  $A \subset B$ , and give example sets that satisfy the two statements.
- (7) Consider the following sets  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ ,  $C = \{3, 4\}$ ,  $D = \{4, 5, 6\}$ ,  $E = \{3\}$ .
  - (a) Let  $X$  be a set such that  $X \subseteq A$  and  $X \subseteq B$ . Which of the sets  $A, B, C, D, E$  could be  $X$ ?
  - (b) Let  $X \not\subseteq D$  and  $X \not\subseteq B$ . Which of the the sets  $A, B, C, D, E$  above could be  $X$ ?
  - (c) Find the smallest set  $M$  that contains all five sets. Note: this needn't be one of  $A, B, C, D, E$ .
  - (d) Find the largest set  $N$  that is a subset of all five sets. Note: this needn't be one of  $A, B, C, D, E$ .

- (8) Is an “element of a set”, a special case of a “subset of a set”?
- (9) List all of the subsets of the set  $\{1, 2, 3\}$ .
- (10) List all of the subsets of the set  $\{2, 3\}$ .
- (11) List all of the subsets of the set  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  containing 1.
- (12) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . List all the subsets of  $A$  containing 1 but not containing 4.
- (13) Consider the sets  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ ,  $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $C = \{5\}$ ,  $D = \{6\}$ ,  $E = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $F = \{2, 3\}$ ,  $G = \{3, 4\}$ , and  $U$  is the set of Natural numbers the universe for this collection of sets. Draw a Venn diagram representing this collection of sets.