# **CISC-102**

### HOMEWORK 1

Please work on these problems and be prepared to share your solutions on Monday morning next week. Assignments will <u>**not**</u> be collected for grading. I will go over the solutions to the problems in class and after class I will post them on the course web page.

#### Readings

Read sections 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, and 1.4 of Schaum's Outline of Discrete Mathematics. Read sections 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 of Discrete Mathematics Elementary and Beyond.

### Problems

- (1) Rewrite the following statements using set notation, and then give an example by listing members of sets that match the description. For example: A is a subset of C. Answer:  $A \subseteq C$ .  $A = \{1, 2\}, C = \{1, 2, 3\}$ .
  - (a) The element 1 is not a member of (the set) A.
  - (b) The element 5 is a member of B.
  - (c) A is not a subset of D
  - (d) E and F contain the same elements.
  - (e) A is the set of integers larger than three and less than 12.
  - (f) B is the set of even natural numbers less than 15.
  - (g) C is the set of natural numbers x such that 4 + x = 3.
- (2)  $A = \{x : 3x = 6\}$ . A = 2, true or false?
- (3) Which of the following sets are equal  $\{r, s, t\}, \{t, s, r\}, \{s, r, t\}, \{t, r, s\}$ .
- (4) Consider the sets  $\{4,2\}, \{x : x^2 6x + 8 = 0\}, \{x : x \in \mathbb{N}, x \text{ is even}, 1 < x < 5\}.$ Which one of these sets is equal to  $\{4,2\}$
- (5) Which of the following sets are equal:  $\emptyset$ ,  $\{\emptyset\}$ ,  $\{0\}$ .
- (6) Explain the difference between  $A \subseteq B$ , and  $A \subset B$ , and give example sets that satisfy the two statements.
- (7) Consider the following sets  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}, C = \{3, 4\}, D = \{4, 5, 6\}, E = \{3\}.$ 
  - (a) Let X be a set such that  $X \subseteq A$  and  $X \subseteq B$ . Which of the sets could be X? For example X could be C, or X could be E. Are there any other sets that could be X?
  - (b) Let  $X \not\subseteq D$  and  $X \not\subseteq B$ . Which of the sets could be X?
  - (c) Find the smallest set M that contains all five sets.
  - (d) Find the largest set N that is a subset of all five sets.
- (8) Is an "element of a set", a special case of a "subset of a set"?

# HOMEWORK 1

- (9) Phrase the handshake counting problem using set theory notation.
- (10) List all of the subsets of  $\{1, 2, 3\}$ .
- (11) Let  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ . List all the subsets of A containing a but not containing b.