## CISC-102 WINTER 2019

## HOMEWORK 5 SOLUTIONS

- (1) Consider the following relations on the set  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ :
  - $R = \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (3,3)\},\$
  - $S = \{(1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2), (3,3)\},\$
  - $T = \{(1,1), (1,2), (2,2), (2,3)\},\$
  - $\bullet \ A \times A.$

For each of these relations determine whether it is symmetric, antisymmetric, reflexive, or transitive.

S and A  $\times$  A are symmetric.

R and T are antisymmetric.

S and A  $\times$  A are reflexive.

R, S and A  $\times$  A are transitive.

- (2) Explain why each of the following binary relations on the set  $S = \{1, 2, 3\}$  is or is not an equivalence relation on S.
  - (a)  $R_1 = \{(1,1), (1,2), (3,2), (3,3), (2,3), (2,1)\}$
  - (b)  $R_2 = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (2,1), (1,2), (3,2), (2,3), (3,1), (1,3)\}$
  - (c)  $R_3 = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (3,1), (1,3)\}$

 $R_1$ , is neither reflexive nor transitive so it's not an equivalence relation.  $R_1$  is symmetric.

 $R_2$  is reflexive, symmetric, and transitive so it is an equivalence relation.

 $R_3$  is reflexive, symmetric and transitive, so it is an equivalence relation.

(3) Let R be a relation on the set of Natural numbers such that  $(a, b) \in \mathbb{R}$  if  $a \ge b$ . Show that the relation R on N is a partial order.

R is reflexive because for all  $a \in (N)$   $a \ge a$ . R is antisymmetric because for all  $a, b \in \mathbb{N}, a \ne b$  we have either  $a \ge b$  or  $b \ge a$  but not both. R is transitive because for all  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{N}$ , if  $a \ge b$  and  $b \ge c$ , we have  $a \ge c$ .

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- (4) Which of the following relations on the set  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  is a function?
  - $\mathbf{R} = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,2), (4,2), (5,3), (6,3)\}$
  - S = {(1,1), (2,2), (3,2), (4,2), (5,3), (6,3), (1,4) }
  - T = {(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4) }
  - $\bullet \ S \times S$

R is a function, because every element in the domain, S, has a distinct image. S is not a function, because 1 has two different images, due to the pairs (1,1), and (1,4).

T is not a function because the elements of S 5 and 6 do not have images.

 $S \times S$  is not a function because every element of S has multiple images.

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