

## CISC-868 FALL 2011

### HOMEWORK 1

These questions come from *Discrete and Computational Geometry* by Satyan Devadoss and Joseph O'Rourke.

**Exercise 1.10.:** Prove Corollary 1.9 ( *Every polygon with more than 3 vertices has at least two ears.*) using induction.

**Exercise 1.11.:** Show that the sum of the interior angles of any polygon with  $n$  vertices is  $\pi(n - 2)$ .

**Exercise 1.14.:** Let a polygon  $P$  with  $h$  holes have  $n$  total vertices (including hole vertices). Find a formula (and prove that it is correct) for the number of triangles in any triangulation of  $P$ .

**Exercise 1.17.:** For each  $n > 3$ , find a polygon with  $n$  vertices that has a unique triangulation.

**Exercise 1.30.:** Modify Lemma 1.18 ( *A diagonal exists between any two nonadjacent vertices of a polygon  $P$  if and only if  $P$  is a convex polygon.*) to show that one guard placed anywhere in a convex polygon can cover it.

**Exercise 1.31.:** Construct a polygon  $P$  and a placement of guards such that the guards see every point of  $\partial P$  (recall  $\partial P$  denotes the boundary of polygon  $P$ ) but (the interior of)  $P$  is not covered.

**Exercise 1.35.:** Why is it not possible to easily extend Fisk's proof of the Art Gallery Theorem to the case of polygons with holes?

**Exercise 1.39.:** Prove the Fortress theorem. *To cover the exterior of a polygon with  $n$  vertices  $\lceil n/2 \rceil$  vertex guards are needed for some polygons, and sufficient for all of them.* Note the guards must be located on vertices of the polygon.